evexpenses

SUPPLIES & EXPENSES:

Generally, to be deductible, items must be ordinary and necessary to your medical profession and not reimbursable by your employer. Record separately items having a useful life of more than one year. Normally, the cost of such assets are recovered differently on your tax return than are other recurring, everyday business expenses such as business cards or medical supplies.

OTHER FXPFNSFS:

Expenses of looking for new employment in your present line of work are deductible - you do not have to actually obtain a new job in order to deduct the expenses. Out-of-town job-seeking expenses are deductible only if the primary purpose of the trip is job seeking, not pursuing personal activities.

COMMUNICATION EXPENSES:

The basic local telephone service costs of the first telephone line provided in your residence are not deductible. However, toll calls from that line are deductible if the calls are business-related. The costs (basic fee and toll calls) of a second line in your home are also deductible if the line is used exclusively for business.

When communication equipment, such as a cell phone, is used part for business and part personally the cost of the equipment must be allocated to deductible business use and non-deductible personal use. Keep your bills for cellular phone use and mark all business calls.

UNIFORMS & UPKEEP EXPENSES:

If you are required to wear a uniform in your medical profession, the cost and upkeep may be deductible if they aren't provided to you without charge by your employer. IRS rules specify that work clothing cost and the cost of its maintenance are deductible if: (1) the uniforms are required by your employer (if you're an employee); and (2) the clothes are not adaptable to ordinary street wear. Normally, the employer's emblem attached to the clothing indicates it is not for street wear. The cost of protective clothing (e.g., safety shoes or goggles) is also deductible.

CONTINUING EDUCATION:

Educational expenses are deductible under either of two conditions: (1) your employer requires the education in order for you to keep your job or rate of pay; or (2) the education maintains or improves your skills as a medical professional. Costs of courses that are taken to meet the minimum requirements of a job, or that qualify you for a new trade or business, are NOT deductible.

AUTO TRAVEL:

Your auto expenses are based on the number of qualified business miles you drive. Expenses for travel between work locations or daily transportation expenses between your residence and temporary work sites are deductible: include them as business miles. Expenses for your trips between home and work each day, or between home and one or more regular places of work, are COMMUTING expenses and are NOT deductible.

Document business miles in a record book as follows: (1) give the date and business purpose of each trip; (2) note the place to which you traveled; (3) record the number of business miles; and (4) record your car's odometer reading at both the beginning and end of the tax year. Keep receipts for all car operating expenses - gas, oil, repairs, insurance, etc. - and of any reimbursement you received for your expenses.

OUT-OF-TOWN TRAVEL:

Expenses incurred when traveling away from "home" overnight on job-related and continuing-education trips that were not reimbursed or reimbursable by your employer are deductible. Your "home" is generally considered to be the entire city or general area where your principal place of employment is located. Out-of-town expenses include transportation, meals, lodging, tips and miscellaneous items like laundry, valet, etc.

Document away-from-home expenses by noting the date, destination and business purpose of your trip. Record business miles if you drove to the out-of-town location. In addition, keep a detailed record of your expenses - lodging, public transportation, meals, etc. Always list meals and lodging separately in your records. Receipts must be retained for each lodging expense. However, if any other business expense is less than \$75, a receipt is not necessary if you record all of the information timely in a diary. You must keep track of the full amount of meal and entertainment expenses even though only a portion of the amount may be deductible.

PROFESSIONAL FFFS & DUFS:

Dues paid to professional societies related to your profession are deductible. These could include professional organizations, business leagues, trade associations, chambers of commerce, boards of trade and civic organizations. However, dues paid for memberships in clubs organized for business, pleasure, recreation or other social purpose are not deductible. These could include country clubs, golf and athletic clubs, airline clubs, hotel clubs and luncheon clubs.

Tax Deductions for: Medical **Professionals**



Series

The information provided in this brochure is an abbreviated summary of the rules for the job-related expenses applicable to medical professionals. For additional details as to specific business expenses, the records required and the various governmental regulations, consult the firm providing this brochure.

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In order to deduct expenses in your trade or business, you must show that the expenses are "ordinary and necessary." An ordinary expense is one that is customary in your particular line of work. A necessary expense is one that is appropriate but not necessarily essential in your business. The application of these terms to you relies heavily on the "facts and circumstances" of your unique situation.

SUPPLIES & Expenses:	
Answering Machine	
Bag - Medical	
Beeper - Pager	
Briefcase	
Business Cards	
Business Meals (Enter 100% of Expense)	
Medical Equipment	
Office Supplies	
Recorder & Tapes	
Referral Service	
Repairs - Equipment	
Stationery	
Other:	
Other:	
Other:	

OUT-OF-TOWN Travel: Airfare, Train & Bus Bridge & Highway Tolls Car Rental Laundry Lodging (do not combine with meals) Meals (do not combine with lodging) Parking Porter, Bell Captain Taxi & Subway Telephone Calls (including home) Other: Other:

Other:

AUTO Travel:	
Between Medical Facilities (mi)	
Continuing Education (mi)	
Interviews - Position (mi)	
Out-of-Town Business Trips (mi)	
Patient House Calls (mi)	
Purchasing Equipment & Supplies (mi)	
Uniform Cleaning & Maintenance (mi)	
Parking Fees (\$)	
Tolls (\$)	
Other:	
CONTINUING Education: Correspondence Course Fees	
Lab Fees	
Materials & Supplies	
Photocopy Expenses	
Reference Material	
Registration Fees	
Seminar Fees	
Textbooks	
Transcripts	
Tuition	
Other:	
Other:	
PROFESSIONAL Fees & Dues:	
Alumni Dues	
Medical Association Dues	

Professional Association Dues

Union Dues

Other: -

Other:

UNIFORMS & Upkeep:	
Alterations & Repairs	
Shoes	
Cleaning	
Hat, Cap	
Jacket	
Laundry	
Pants	
Scrubs	
Other:	
Other:	
Other:	

CUIVIIVIUNICATIUN EXPENSES:	
Answering Service	
Cellular Service	
Paging Service	
Phone Card	
Toll Calls	
Internet Access	
Other:	

UTHER EXpenses:	
Malpractice Insurance	
Journals - Medical	
Legal (Protection and production of taxable income)	
Liability Insurance	
Periodicals - Medical	
Resumé - Job Seeking	
Other:	
Other:	